

BLUE WATERS

SUSTAINED PETASCALE COMPUTING

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Data Management Best Practices

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GREAT LAKES CONSORTIUM
FOR PETASCALE COMPUTATION

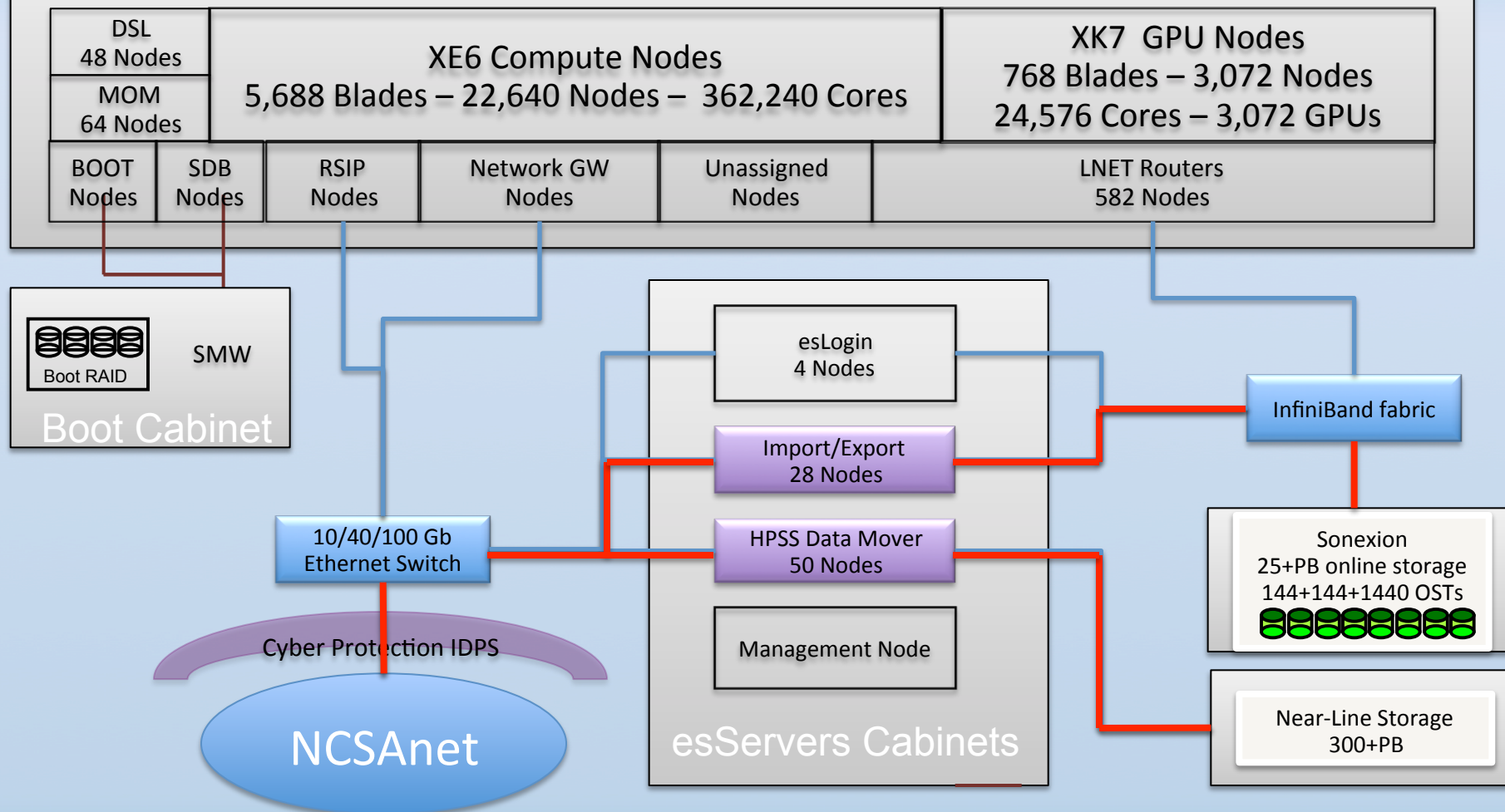
CRAY®

Outline

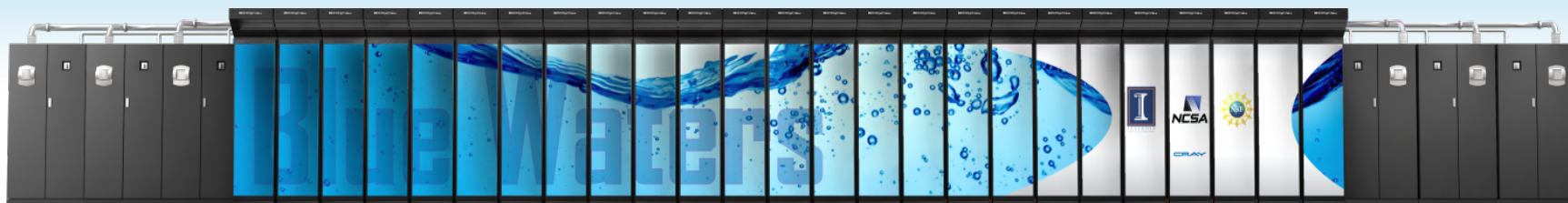
- Overview of Nearline system (HPSS)
 - Hardware
 - File system structure
- Data transfer on Blue Waters
- Globus Online (GO) interface
 - Web GUI
 - Command-Line Interface (CLI)
- Optimizing data transfers
 - Transfer parameters
 - Transfer rates
 - Transfer errors

Gemini Fabric (HSN)

Cray XE6/XK7 - 276 Cabinets

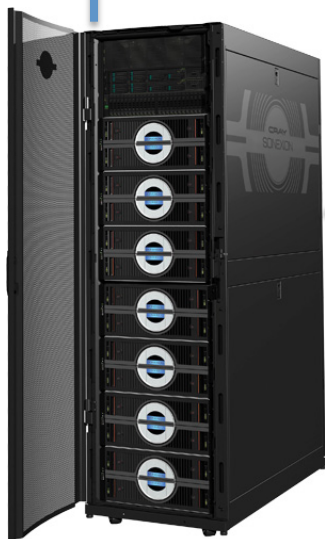


NPCF



Blue Waters 11-Petaflop System

FDR
IB



36 x Sonexion 6000
Lustre 2.1: > 25PB @ > 1TB/s

FDR
IB



28 x Dell R720 IE nodes
2 x 2.1GHz w/ 8 cores
1 x 40GbE
GridFTP access only

100 x 40GbE
HPSS
High Performance Storage System

440Gb/s





Core Servers
2x X3580 X5
8x8 core Nehalems
RHEL 6.3

1GbE

FDR IB

HPSS Disk Cache
4 x DDN 12k
2.4PB @ 100GB/s



16Gb FC

Mover nodes (GridFTP, RAIT)
50 x Dell R720
2 x 2.9GHz w/ 8 cores
2 x 40GbE (Bonded)
RHEL 6.3
GridFTP access only



6 x Spectra Logic T-Finity
12 robotic arms
360PB in 95580 slots
366 TS1140 Jaguars @ 240MB/s

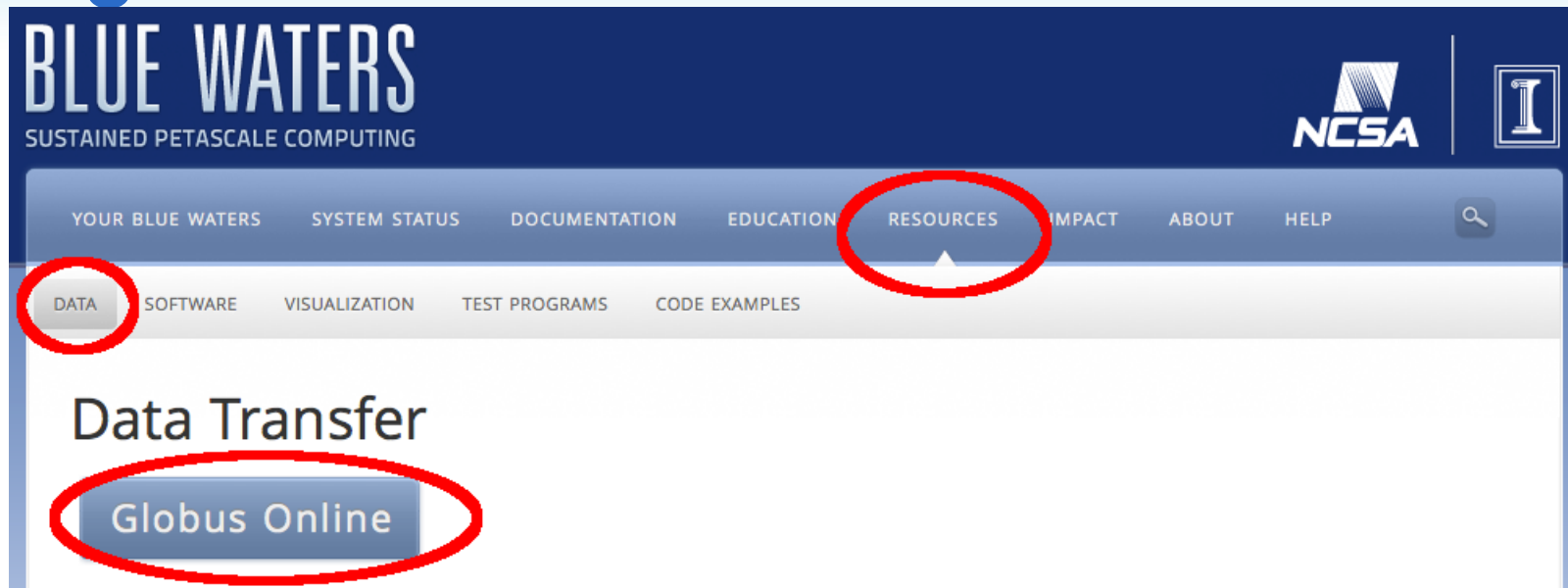
HPSS File System Structure

- Your home directory
 - /u/sciteam/<username> (same as Lustre)
 - Default quota of 5TB; can not be increased
- Your project directories
 - /projects/sciteam/<psn (e.g., jn0)> (same as Lustre)
 - Default quota of 50TB; can be increased with a request through the Blue Waters ticket system
- No purge policy! Data stays for the life of your project

Data Transfer on Blue Waters

- BW Lustre ⇔ HPSS
 - Use GO (Globus Online)
 - Cannot use scp and sftp
- BW (Lustre, HPSS) ⇔ Outside world
 - Use GO
 - Can use scp, sftp, and rsync but DON'T!
 - Impacts login node performance
 - Slower than GO
- BW Lustre ⇔ BW Lustre
 - Using cp is ok
 - GO is faster for multiple large files
 - Example: copying 50 1-GB files from /scratch to /home
 - cp: 244 sec.
 - GO: 39 sec.

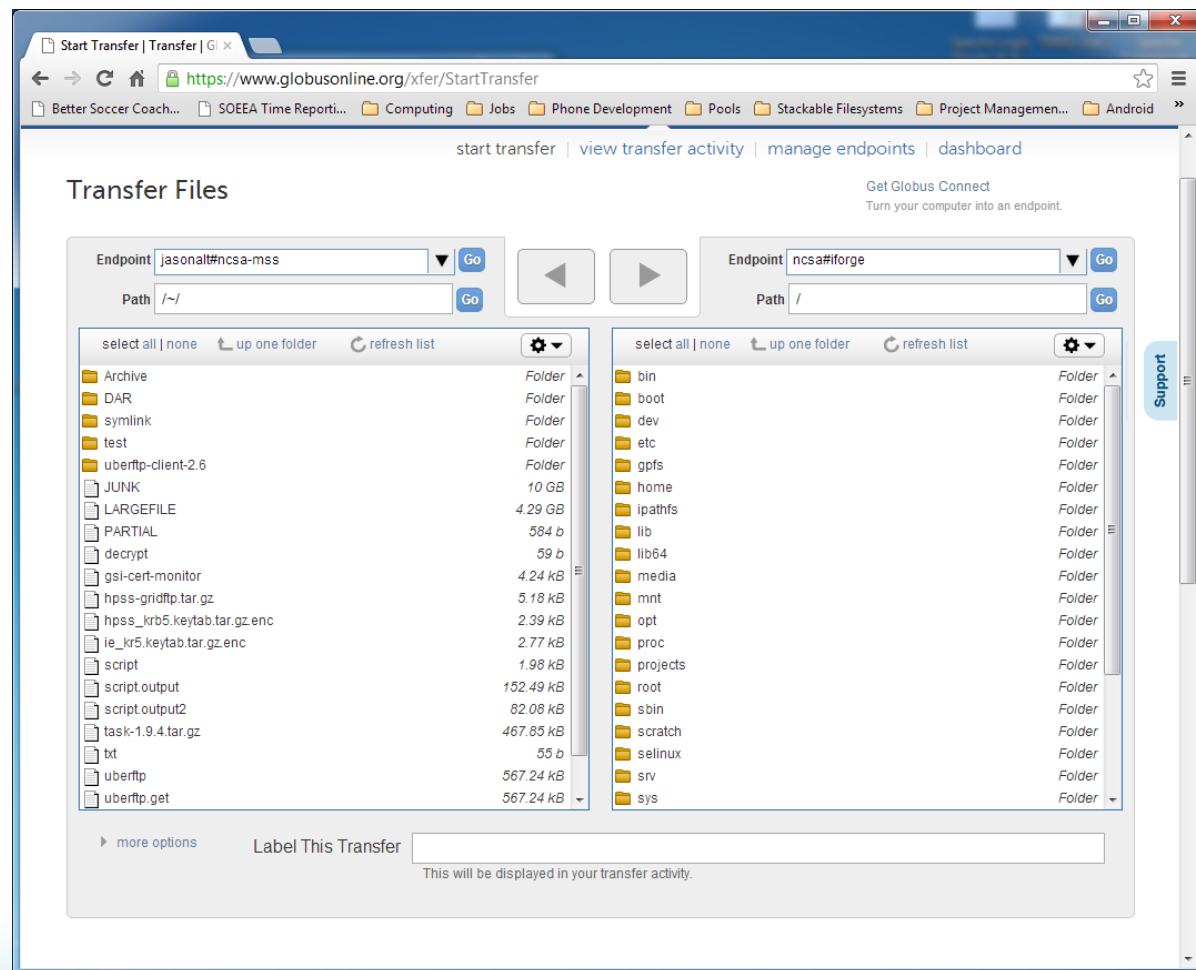
Using Globus Online



- BW Portal
 - Documentation: <https://bluewaters.ncsa.illinois.edu/data-transfer-doc>
 - GO access: <https://bluewaters.ncsa.illinois.edu/data>
- Use Globus Connect to create local endpoints for your own computer/cluster

Globus Online Web GUI

- BW endpoints
 - ncsa#BlueWaters
 - ncsa#Nearline
- Advantages
 - Easy transfers
 - Select src/dest
 - Select files/dirs
 - Click arrow
 - Simple option selection
- Limitations
 - Some parameters inaccessible
 - 100k file max listing
 - Sometimes < full concurrency



GO CLI (Command-Line Interface)

- Advantages
 - Powerful – access to all features and parameters
 - Can use commands in scripts
 - Full concurrency
- Disadvantages
 - Takes a little time to learn
 - Verbose
- Transfer example:
 - `ssh cli.globusonline.org "transfer -- \`
 `ncsa#BlueWaters/scratch/sciteam/<username>/a_file \`
 `ncsa#Nearline/u/sciteam/<username>/a_file"`

CLI Usage

- Either ssh into `cli.globusonline.org` or include “ssh `cli.globusonline.org`” at the beginning of each command
- Transfers
 - Use “transfer” command on individual files or on entire directories with `-r`
 - Check transfers with “status” command
 - Use “cancel” to stop a transfer
- Basic file system commands: `ls`, `mkdir`
- For examples, see the BW Portal
- For a complete listing and man pages, ssh into `cli.globusonline.org` and type “help”

Moving HPSS Files

- Important note: transfer commands (GUI- and CLI-based) only copy files
- To move files, use the CLI “rename” command (example on BW Portal)
- Files cannot be moved using the GO GUI

Optimizing Transfers

- GUI does pretty well, but CLI can sometimes get better results
- Transfer large files (GB+ range)
- But also transfer lots of files to take advantage of concurrency
 - Max concurrency 20 files/transfer * max 3 active transfers = up to 60 files in flight

CLI-Only Transfer Parameters

- Format: `ssh cli.globusonline.org "transfer <parameters> -- <src> <dest>"`
- `--perf-p <num>`
 - Parallelism level (data streams/control channel)
 - Valid values: 1-16
- `--perf-cc <num>`
 - Concurrency (number of control channels; i.e., number of files in flight)
 - Valid values: 1-16
 - Default on BW to HPSS: 20, but only see ~12
- `--perf-pp <num>`
 - Pipeline depth (files in flight/control channel)
 - Valid values: 1-32

Recommendations for BW ⇔ HPSS Parameters for GB-Sized Files

- Don't set `--perf-p` (parallelism)
- Set `--perf-cc 16` (concurrency = files in flight)
- Set `--perf-pp 1` (pipeline depth)
- Important note: there's a minimum queue length of 2 events, meaning you need at least 2x your concurrency in files or you won't get full concurrency
 - E.g., need ≥ 32 files to get 16 files in flight with `--perf-cc` set to 16
- Play with settings for remote sites

Transfer Rates

- Rates calculated by GO are for entire transfer, including initialization and checksum verification, if applicable
 - Checksum approximately halves the total rate
 - Whole file is transferred, then checksum is computed
- BW ⇔ HPSS for GB+ files
 - Single file transfer rate: ~2-3 Gbits/sec raw (1-1.5 Gbits/sec with checksum enabled)
 - We've seen aggregate transfer rates (16 files in flight, each file 10s of GB) up to ~36 Gbits/sec raw (18 Gbits/sec with checksum)
- Other sites for GB+ files
 - BW ⇔ Kraken and BW ⇔ Gordon: ~0.9-1.3 Gbits/sec with checksum

Transfer Errors

- Highly recommend using checksums, which are on by default for both the GUI and CLI
- Errors are infrequent but do occur
 - My testing: 1,352 50-GB transfers, 20 errors
 - Tend to occur in bursts

Other Notes

- Lustre striping
 - When transferring to BW, files inherit the stripe settings of the directory in which they're placed (unless the file is so big that it requires a higher stripe setting, in which case it's adjusted higher)
- Slow staging on HPSS tape
 - Intelligent staging in the works
 - One case: concurrency of only 2 when transferring from tape (files in the 10s of GB); 16 when transferring from HPSS disk
 - Lesson: avoid writing many many files to HPSS

Summary

- Use GO for all transfers to and from both BW and HPSS (not scp, sftp, or rsync)
- GO web GUI is simple; CLI is more powerful
- Balance large file size and large number of files to optimize transfers
 - Try to transfer files of at least 1 GB
- Store large files on HPSS; avoid many small files
 - Tar up files if necessary
 - Single-compute-node jobs recommended for large tar tasks
- Use checksums
- Ask for support: help+bw@ncsa.illinois.edu